Introduction

While policy-makers, public administrators, planners, and members of the community all play their parts, in the end, it is private sector developers who really build our cities. Developers use a wide variety of tools, skills, and resources to identify, analyze, and capitalize on opportunities that may not be apparent to their competitors or the public. Developers are also very entrepreneurial, as they play for high stakes and must possess an extraordinary tolerance for both ambiguity and risk if they are to realize their creative visions and their anticipated profits.

This course is for those students interested in gaining an understanding of how the real estate development process works from the viewpoint of the private developer. The course is designed to promote an understanding of the structure of urban real estate markets, the techniques of analysis and planning for real estate development, the leadership and management skills required to see a project through to completion, and the character of the entrepreneurial developer. It emphasizes quantitative methods including site and building analysis, market analysis, and economic analysis through the creation and manipulation of “pro-forma” financial statements. At
the same time students will be required to consider qualitative issues such as a developer’s background, temperament, goals, and access to resources as well as the importance of “fit” between a developer, a project, and other team members and actors including equity partners and lenders, architects and builders, government agencies and staff, elected officials, and other local interests. By applying these qualitative and quantitative methods of analysis to actual projects, students will gain insight into the developer’s decision-making process. Through facilitated classroom discussions, students will come to understand how, in a process of creative synthesis, developers combine these tools with money, social and political connections, and personal skills to implement projects and bring their grand plans to fruition.

The focus of the course will be on the acquisition, development, ownership, operation, and disposition of rental real estate, with an emphasis on the four main product categories - commercial, retail, industrial, and multi-family residential. Attention will also be given to for-sale housing and condominiums, land development, non-profit development, and large-scale urban redevelopment. The course will consider the reconciliation of private interests with public goals however in doing so it will take a distinctly private market viewpoint – that of the developer.

Course Objectives

The course will provide students with a framework that integrates theory and practice into a developer’s-eye-view of urban real estate development. Students will gain an understanding of the development process, real estate markets and products, the project cycle, and the developer’s motivations and decision-making process. In completing this course, students will achieve the following three objectives:

- **Overview of the Real Estate Development Business:** Develop a general understanding of the real estate development business including products, markets, and actors, with an emphasis on developers and particularly their personalities, motivations, and interests.

- **Tools and Skills:** Develop an understanding of the quantitative and qualitative tools used to evaluate a real estate opportunity and the skills required to build and use those tools. Students will learn how to create and manipulate their own “pro forma” economic models and use them to evaluate the economics and finances of an investment or business.

- **Generalization to Urban Development:** With this new knowledge, tools, and analytical skills, students will be able to generalize across a broad spectrum of urban development activities from the perspectives of a variety of actors ranging from developers, investors, and lenders to city planners, elected officials, and community members.

With this combination of knowledge, tools, and skills, students will also be prepared to work in the real estate development industry and will be able to confidently tell prospective employers, “I know how to create a proforma.”

Format

The first few class sessions will provide an overview of the industry and introduce the student to the basic concepts and qualitative and quantitative analytical tools required to assess a development opportunity. The backbone of the course, beginning in week 3, will be weekly case studies augmented by short lectures, class discussions, exercises, guest panels, and a field trip.
Workload

There will be weekly assignments beginning in the second week, including six to eight cases; three home-works; one or two quizzes; one book review (writing assignment), one market research project (including brief presentation), and a final exam. The workload is heavier in the first half of the semester, lightening up in the second. Staying on top of the assignments in the first seven weeks is critical to success in the course.

Required Course Materials

Harvard Business School (HBS) Case Studies: Students will be required to purchase case studies directly from Harvard Business School’s website. Case studies typically cost about $3.95 each and we will be using approximately 8 case studies plus several additional readings and technical notes. The link provided below will take you to the HBS website for this course, through which you may purchase the materials directly. Each student is required to buy his or her own set of materials. HBS Course Link: https://cb.hbsp.harvard.edu/cbmp/access/32108800.

Required Reading: The instructor’s draft book, Development 101 is required reading for the course. Chapters will be posted on the course website as pdf files. There is no charge for the text. NOTE: This book has not been published and cannot be shared beyond the class.

Brown, Peter Hendee. Development 101: Class Notes for Students of Private Sector Development. This short manual is an outgrowth of the instructor’s teaching notes and is being re-written for publication as a text for use in real estate development courses like this one. It is intended as a simple guide to the basic tools used in analyzing real estate. Consider this to be your training wheels for the first seven weeks of class.


Other required readings are specifically identified in this syllabus and will be posted on the course Moodle site in weekly folders. The instructor will also regularly post current, industry-related news articles that will be required reading and will be discussed in class.

Excel Proficiency

The course stresses the understanding of basic concepts and the analytic power of “back-of-the-envelope” (BOE) calculations. Most real estate financial analyses require nothing more than high school algebra and arithmetic. Students must bring a basic calculator to class each week. Computer-based spreadsheets are widely used in the real estate industry and it is assumed that all students know how to create and manipulate Excel spreadsheets. Students are expected to create their own spreadsheets in preparing for the case studies and must learn to use several financial formulas within the Excel program.

Course Copyright

The instructor has the copyright on this syllabus and all lectures, lecture notes, and slide show presentations. Students are prohibited from selling, or being paid by any person or commercial firm for taking notes or recording class lectures without the advance express written permission of the instructor. Exceptions are permitted for students with a disability who receive the instructor’s approval in advance for note taking or tape recording as an academic accommodation. Some

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Evaluation

You will be required to complete weekly assignments including 3-4 home works, 1-2 quizzes, 8-10 case studies, 1 book review (a short paper), 1 market research assignment (a short analysis graded like a case study), and the final exam. The assignments build upon one another and you should endeavor to stay on top of the workload particularly in the first seven weeks of the class.

Evaluation will be based upon four key areas: weekly case studies, homework assignments and in-class quizzes, a book review, and a final take-home exam that will be a case study. Because the course is built around case studies, a student’s evaluation will also be based on his or her willingness and ability to understand, embrace, and master the case study method of learning.

Through this method, you will learn not only from individual or team case preparation but also from actively participating in class discussions and from listening to and learning from fellow students. Therefore, you will be evaluated on the quality of your preparation and on your contribution to class discussion. Perhaps most important, you will come to understand that there is no one right answer to a case study and that the best answer is one that has been thoroughly reasoned through and well-presented.

Finally, to be clear, for each assignment you will be required to step into the shoes of the developer, make a recommendation as to how you would proceed, and then support your recommendation with a clear and concise argument that addresses all issues relevant to your decision. Identifying a handful of options and sitting on the fence will not be adequate – you must commit to answering the question, “what would YOU do and why?”

Case Studies 20%

Throughout the majority of this course we will use the case study method of learning. The analysis and implementation of real estate projects will be explored with 8-10 case studies based upon actual projects. Students may prepare cases individually or in groups of two, but all students are strongly encouraged to complete several cases individually over the course of the semester (the final exam will be done alone so you must know how to “do the math” yourself).

The requirements for submission of the case write-ups are as follows:

- **Submit a complete case write-up.** Submit a brief summary (maximum 2-3 pages) that answers the questions asked in this syllabus for the specific case. Attach excel spreadsheet tables as required to illustrate your economic, financial, and other analyses. For a more detailed explanation of the instructor’s expectations for case write-ups, see “Case Write-Up Expectations,” which is attached to this syllabus as “Appendix A.”

- **Submit a paper copy of the case write-up at the beginning of class.** Remember to keep a copy for yourself for in-class discussion. I will only accept email submissions in the case of planned absence from class, illness, or in the case of late submissions. In the case of absence, in order to receive full credit your submission must arrive in my in-box prior to 6PM on the night of class.
• **Print your name clearly on your write-up and on all work that you submit for the class.** If working in groups, make sure that both/all of your names are listed.

The class will discuss each case for 45-60 minutes, during which time students will be required to assume the perspective of the developer and consider what should be done about the project. Evaluation will be based upon the quality of class participation (per above) and the completeness of the case write-up. The instructor and teaching specialist will review hand-ins for completion and for quality of analysis generally, but will not provide detailed feedback on individual assignments. Rather, students should understand that all detailed feedback flows through the facilitated in-class discussion. Complete write-ups submitted on time will receive a score of 10 and a complete Excel spread sheet of set-up, proforma, or other financial analysis will receive a full score even if there are minor math errors. Incomplete submissions will be marked down accordingly. Late submissions that are complete will be marked down 2 points for each day they are late until the Saturday after class, when they reach zero. We will typically grade and return all case write-ups at the beginning of class the following week.

**Book Review: 20%**

Choose one of the following two books. They are both on reserve and cheap used copies can be found on Amazon.com. (Note: the sooner you buy the cheaper it will be since you will be bidding against your classmates). Write a book review of a maximum of 1,000 words that outlines the story, addresses 4-6 issues discussed in class (such as risk, ambiguity, entrepreneurship, product type, design, market timing, financing, etc.), and that offers an opinion on the book itself. Examples of book reviews from *Planning, Urban Land, and Journal of the American Planning Association (JAPA)* are available on the course website for reference. The Book Review will be due after spring break and we will discuss them in class. You will receive a numerical score between zero and 100, based on four criteria (understanding of the book, structure of the paper, quality of writing, and originality of your analysis and review), each weighted evenly at 25% of the total score. Papers that do not conform to the word limit (noticeably short or long) will be marked down, as will papers that are submitted late. Pick one book AND BUY IT NOW:


Frantz, Douglas. *From the Ground Up: The Business of Building in the Age of Money*. University of California Press, 1993. (31 used copies starting at $0.01 on Amazon as of 12/12/14)

**Homework Exercises and Quizzes: 20%**

Students will be asked to complete three or four homework exercises in the first few weeks of class. These exercises are designed to build your skills and understanding of economic analysis. Most homework questions can and should be figured out in pencil with the help of a hand-held calculator. Other assignments will require you to create and manipulate excel spreadsheets. Show all of your work.

Students will also be asked to complete several short (5-10 questions) quizzes during class time throughout the semester. Each will count for 10 points.
Market Research Project: 20%

Students will work in teams to complete a market research project that will involve visiting multiple real estate projects/products – apartments – and compare and contrast those projects on qualitative and quantitative dimensions from the perspective of both a potential renter and a potential investor. Each team will submit a final report and make a brief (5-10 minute) presentation with 5-10 slides in class.

Final Exam: 20%

The final exam will be a take-home exam. The exam will be a case study, similar to those discussed in class. You will provide a three to four-page response to the general question asked in the case (your recommendation as to how to proceed) and provide answers to the individual questions asked. In addition to the write up, you will create and incorporate back-up in the form of excel spreadsheets and/or back-of-the-envelope (BOE) calculations to demonstrate the quantitative/financial reasoning behind your answers as well as the qualitative reasoning. You will work alone and you can use as much time as you like but as a guideline 6-12 hours should be adequate. The exam will be assigned at the end of class on April 23th and will be due at the beginning of class the following week, the last week of class, on April 30th.

Grading

Case Study write-ups: 20%
Homework Exercises and Quizzes: 20%
Book Review: 20%
Market Research Project: 20%
Final Exam: 20%
Total: 100%

Final grades will be assigned based on percentage (90% and above = A range, 80% and above = B range, etc.), followed by subjective analysis of other factors such as notable improvement over the semester and class participation, which will be favorably rewarded. Please review the University Senate Uniform Grading and Transcript Policy if you are unsure about the standards associated with each letter grade: www1.umn.edu/usenate/policies/gradingpolicy.html

Show all of your work

For all assignments you should show all of your work. If you make a small math error but have the principles correct, we will be generous in grading, but if you do not show your work we will not be able to tell where you made your error.

Adherence to Relevant University Policies

In all of their work, students in this course are expected to adhere to the following the following university policies:

1. Grade definitions from the Administrative Policy
2. Scholastic Dishonesty
3. Makeup Work for Legitimate Absences
4. Use of Personal Electronic Devices in the Classroom
5. Appropriate Student Use of Class Notes and Course Materials
6. Student Conduct Code
7. Sexual Harassment
8. Equity, Diversity, Equal Employment Opportunity, and Affirmative Action
9. Statement about the availability of mental health services

The full text of these polices can be found at the following link:

**Availability of mental health services:**

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student’s ability to participate in daily activities. University of Minnesota services are available to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing. You can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Student Mental Health Website at http://www.mentalhealth.umn.edu.

Remember that there are advisors in the Humphrey Student Services office who are trained and experienced counselors. They are available at very short notice to address any concerns you have and provide further resources within the University. **Humphrey Student Services, HHH 280, 612-624-3800**

**Expectations for Case Write-ups:**

Beginning in the third week of class, there will be a case study assigned for most weeks throughout the remainder of the semester. The specific case and the questions that must be answered are identified in the syllabus. Case write-ups are due at the beginning of class on the day they appear in the class schedule. For most cases you will be required to develop qualitative and quantitative analytical approaches and to synthesize your results to fully answer the questions. More specifically, for each case you are required to answer this question: What would YOU do and why?

**Quantitative Analysis:**

Typically, for most case write-ups you should expect to create a spreadsheet of some kind. This may be a “set-up,” a “pro forma,” or some other table that helps to analyze a financial or economic question or questions. The cases usually contain economic or financial information, laid out in tables that you can use as templates to create and modify your own spreadsheets. Most cases will require you to use information presented in the case and modify it based upon different assumptions.

In some cases facts and information distributed throughout the narrative can be gathered and analyzed in a more structured way. It may not be clear initially how to go about it, but with thoughtful design you should be able to develop simple tables and spreadsheets that help to answer other questions. For example, a case may have a question that involves multiple alternatives for interest rates, so you might develop a table that helps to assess alternatives based on cost and expected risk.
Qualitative Analysis:

Some questions require a more qualitative form of reasoning - your best judgment based on a thorough analysis of all the information presented. But even with qualitative information, some cases offer facts that can be arrayed in table form (even if it is not quantitative) as a way to more easily visualize and evaluate the information before making a judgment.

Synthesis:

Your case write-up should be clearly presented and should synthesize the results of your quantitative and qualitative analyses. Begin with a short paragraph that sums up the situation and your general approach. Then answer each question with a brief paragraph or a couple of sentences, augmented by bullets and/or quantitative analysis as appropriate. Your answers should be complete, concise, well written, and reflect a thorough analysis and understanding of the case. Cryptic and one-word answers to questions will not be acceptable.

Final Note:

While many of the questions may appear to be answerable in qualitative terms, in most cases some mathematical analysis is required to fully inform your answers. So if you think that a simple page with written answers to four or five questions constitutes a complete submission, then you probably have not looked hard enough at how to analyze the data and the situation and you may want to consider “running some numbers.”

Highly Recommended Additional Reading:

Negotiation, selling your ideas, decision-making, and the meaning of “success”


For more recommended reading go to the end of the syllabus.
Class Schedule

**Week 1 (1/25): Introductions, logistics, developers, & development**

*Subjects*
- Introductions; review of the course, class logistics
- Developers and development

*Reading*
- PA 5221 – Private Sector Development – This Syllabus – Read It

*Discussion: Developers as Entrepreneurs and “how entrepreneurial are you?”*

**Week 2 (2/1): Valuing Real Estate Part I: The Back of the Envelope**

*Subjects*
- Back of the Envelope (BOE) Analysis and the basic “set-up”
- Sources & Uses of Funds; Income & Expense Budget; Mortgages and Interest Costs
- Measures of return: Return on Assets (ROA); Return on Equity (ROE)

*Readings*
- Brown, Peter Hendee. *How Real Estate Developers Think*, Prologue, Chapter 1.

*Homework #1 (At end of Chapter 1) is assigned; due week 3 at beginning of class*

*Discussion: Lucrative opportunities and “doing deals;” Math Part I; Using Excel; Wolfe - A Man in Full; How to do a case study*

**Week 3 (2/8): Valuing Real Estate Part II: Using Spreadsheets**

*Subjects*
- Projects, players, and processes
- Present Value, Future Value, Discounted Cash Flow Analysis
- Multi-year income statements, cap rates, and future sales value
- Measures of Return: Net Present Value (NPV) and Internal Rate of Return (IRR)

*Readings*
- Brown, *Development 101*, Chapter 1 (Chapter 4 for reference).

*Homework #1 is due*

*Homework #2 (At end of Chapter 2) is assigned; due week 4 at beginning of class*

*Discussion: Product Innovation over time; Math Part II*

*Case Study*

Although inexperienced in real estate, Edward Alexander hopes in June 1999 that youthful enthusiasm and an $80,000 inheritance will help him enter the real estate business. Alexander decides to buy a small multiple-unit building in Boston as a residence and an investment. He learns about finding and valuing properties, property management, construction, and mortgages. After some difficulty he finds a building in an area that is increasing in value. The previous owner has run out of funds to complete renovations.
Questions for Class Discussion:
1. How did Alexander search for his property?
2. Evaluate the property on Revere Street. What issues are important to you? What are the risks and rewards?
3. Which people helped Alexander in the process and what functions did they perform?
4. What are the problems relating to the rehabilitation work proposed?
5. Run the numbers for the two different mortgage alternatives and compare ROA and ROE. Should Alexander invest in the deal and if so, which alternative?
*Note: For this case write-up you must create a one-year budget or “set-up” based on the scenarios in the case (review Chapter 1 and HW#1), then modify it to reflect the alternative mortgage, and then compare the two scenarios.

Week 4 (2/15): Financing Real Estate Development

Subjects
• The developer: goals, personality, temperament, fit, and opportunity
• Private equity vs. public debt – risks and rewards
• Mortgages, interest costs, impact on returns

Readings
Brown, Development 101, Chapter 2, (Chapter 4 for reference).
Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 3.

Homework #2 is due.

Homework #3 (At end of Chapter 3) is assigned and due week 5 at beginning of class.

Discussion: Good Design Sells; Case; Mortgages, Interest Costs, Depreciation, Taxes, Leverage

Case Study

Benjamin Dana is an experienced multifamily developer in fast growing Ft. Myers, Florida with a buildable, well-located 2.8-acre site he has held for several years. Dana needs to decide if he should sell or develop the land. He has heard that eldercare facilities are quite profitable. Given that his two parents are in need of an assisted living facility coupled with his own interest in getting into a new profitable business, he explores congregate care and assisted living development options. Dana has to decide whether or not to proceed and if so, whether to operate it himself and how to finance it.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Has Dana done a good job researching his options? Discuss.
2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each of Dana’s options: selling the land, congregate housing or assisted living?
3. Prepare a development budget and set-up for each of the two assisted living financing options. What are the initial returns on cost (ROA) and equity (ROE) for each option? How does the use of conventional debt compare with tax-exempt debt in terms of returns?
4. Which option would you choose and why? If you chose an equity partner, who would you choose and why?
*Note: you do not have to do a multi-year income statement for this case, just the original set-up and the alternate set-up, similar to Revere Street.
Week 5 (2/22): Measures of Return

Subjects
- New markets, new products
- The Lender’s perspective, debt coverage ratio (DCR)
- Comparing Measures of Return – BOE/One-year set-up vs. Multi-year income statement

Readings
- Brown, Development 101, Chapters 3, 4.
- Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 4.

Homework #3 is due
Discussion: Risks, rewards, leverage
Review
- Measures of Return; Building design as a risk-management tool
- Depreciation, Taxes
- Q&A/How are we doing?

Week 6 (2/29): Analyzing a Real Estate Opportunity

Subjects
- Quantitative Analysis - Measures of return; Cash flow, tax benefits, and future sale
- Qualitative Analysis: Location, design, construction, age, quality, features
- Combining Quantitative and Qualitative analyses

Readings
- Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 5.

Discussion and Guest Speaker: Murray Kornberg - Shady Trail and Capital Markets Update
Case Study

Holt Lunsford was intrigued by the packet of papers that lay in front of him. The papers comprised a brochure that Lonestar Bank had put together in an effort to sell the Shady Trail Distribution Center in Dallas, Texas. Shady Trail was a five-year-old, 120,000-square-foot distribution warehouse facility located on the west side of Dallas. Lonestar was asking $4 million for the property. It was September 2003 and the Dallas real estate market was plateauing and the capital markets were in disarray. Lunsford had convinced 11 friends to put up $100,000 each in addition to his own $100,000 to acquire one or two troubled properties. Lunsford decided to focus on warehouse properties due to their relatively small size, their strong historical performance, and his relevant experience. He wondered whether Shady Trail would make a good investment.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Is this a good property for Lunsford to acquire? Why or why not? Discuss/explain.
2. What assumptions has Lunsford made in creating his setup for Shady Trail? What changes, if any, would you make to his setup?
3. Using the “back-of-the-envelope” approach, prepare a new setup for the property based on the information in the case and calculate the after-tax rate of return or Lunsford and his investors.
4. What should he pay for the property, if he decides to buy it?
5. How do the rates of return and the amount Holt should pay change if: a) the interest rate on the loan goes up by one percentage point? b) The exit cap rate goes up by one percentage point? c) The LTC changes from 70% to 80%? All three together?

* NOTE: You must recreate each of the tables in the case and then modify the assumptions to answer the questions in this case.

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Week 7 (3/7): Comparative Financial Analysis of Real Estate Investments

Subjects
- Comparing measures of return
- The story behind the numbers: blending qualitative and quantitative analyses
- Matching investor goals with investment opportunities

Reading
Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 6.

Case Study

Judy and John DeRight, looking to diversify their investment portfolios, have retained Angus Cartwright III to identify prospective real estate acquisitions. Mr. Cartwright has four potential properties that he feels merit an in-depth financial analysis. The case provides an opportunity to examine the various components of real estate return--cash flow, tax benefits, and futures--and measure the profitability of a proposed investment through the calculation of net present value, internal rate of return, and capitalization rate.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Using the method for financial analysis employed by Cartwright for the Alison Green property, what are the financial returns for the other three properties?
2. Fill out all the exhibits in the case and hand in one copy per group at the start of class. Students may work in groups of up to three people for this case.
3. Which potential investment(s), if any, would you suggest for each of the investors and why, based on their goals? Which Cousin should buy which project? How many should each cousin buy – one or two, and which ones?

Discussion: Where we have come from/where we are going next

Week 8 (3/14): SPRING BREAK – NO CLASS

Week 9 (3/21): Developer Roundtable
Reading: Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 7.

Week 10 (3/28): Market Analysis and Product Differentiation
Subjects
- Impact of demographic, economic, and technological trends on real estate markets
- Entrepreneurship, vision, and product differentiation
- Design and construction of commercial office buildings (and parking)

Discussion and Guest Speaker: Amanda Janzen on Market Research and Market Studies
Discussion: Structuring Real Estate Deals; Book Reviews
Assignment Due and in-class discussion: Book Review

Reading
Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 8.

Discussion: Apartment Comparisons
Panel Discussion: PA 5221 Alumni Panel (or previous week)
Assignment due (including brief slide presentation): Market Analysis: Comparison of Apartment Products

Reading: Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 9.

Subjects
- Managing expectations of multiple constituents with different interests
- Evaluation of design alternatives
- Equity partners and deal structures

Discussion: Case; Marketing and Sales

CDROM: Nehemiah in the South Bronx

Case Study


Walking out of a grueling three-hour project team meeting on March 21, 2003, 32-year-old Dr. Philipp von Wilmowsky took a deep breath and smiled to himself. “This project is like a giant jigsaw puzzle,” he thought. “It was fun, time consuming, but would he be able to complete it with all the right pieces in place?” As director of Hungarian operations for ECE Projektmanagement, a German real estate development conglomerate, Philipp had worked for two years on a 30,000 square meter, 75 million Euros shopping center project located along the Danube River in the city of Győr. Lining up four credit anchor tenants had been easy; finalizing the site acquisition, the permits, the design, and the financing was going to be a lot tougher.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Is there an adequate market in Gyor? How much of the area’s market must the retail center attract? Will there be enough retail sales to support rents? Are rents adequate to support the development? How does the underground economy affect your analysis? Use the information and numbers presented in the case and organize into a table or spreadsheet—consider population, income, unemployment, purchasing power, expected retail sales/sm.
   a. Determine retail demand for the area (use population and purchasing power/person)
   b. Determine projected retail sales for ECE total and per square meter (use square meters, projected sales)
   c. Determine ECE’s share of the market (retail sales as % of total retail demand for area)?
   d. What are the occupancy costs as a % of sales – are the rents affordable (use rents, projected sales)
2. Summarize each of the three design options. What design option is the most attractive to each of the various constituents and why?
3. If you were Philipp, how would you structure the deal with your development partner? If you were an investor, what would you want?
4. What factors should one take into consideration to perform a sensitivity analysis? How should Philipp take these assumptions into consideration to evaluate the viability of this venture?
5. What market opportunities and barriers exist in this particular deal?
6. Should Alexander Otto proceed with the deal?
   * NOTE: To answer these questions you must recreate the ten-year cash flow spreadsheet in the case and then create more versions of it to study the various scenarios.
Week 13 (4/18): Non-Profit Development

Reading: Brown, Peter Hendee. How Real Estate Developers Think, Chapter 10.

Subjects
- Affordable housing
- Urban redevelopment
- Community organizing, local politics, and stakeholder interests
- Non Profit strategies and business models
- Transferring development strategies

Discussion: Case; Non-profit Development Panel Discussion

Case Study (Alternate 1)

In 2003, Lee Stuart was working with the Greater Boston Interfaith Organization to implement an affordable housing initiative in Boston. This affordable housing strategy had been successful in New York City as well as in other cities, but in Boston, Stuart and the GBIO were encountering resistance and delays. Stuart and her colleagues faced a number of challenges in transferring the strategy, including whether the strategy was appropriate for the Boston marketplace. The project was at a critical point, and key decisions had to be made regarding project direction.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Why did the Nehemiah Strategy work in the South Bronx?
2. Can the strategy be transferred from New York to Boston?
3. What options does Lee Stuart have in Boston? (Use the affordability spreadsheet to analyse these.)
4. How would the Trustees and Arnie Graf consider these options?

Case Study (Alternate 2)

Bill Hassett, a partner in the Nelson Companies, has to make some important decisions regarding the expansion of Prospect Hill Executive Office Park in Waltham, Massachusetts. The pre-development issues concerning him about the Hillside Building include how to position Hillside in a softening market, how to handle certain parking issues, and whether expanded day care facilities would enhance lease-up or increase expenses. He is also considering arranging an interest rate hedge on the adjustable rate interest. This case deals with suburban development issues, and focuses on adapting to possible structural changes in the real estate industry.

Questions for Class Discussion:
1. Describe Arthur Nelson? What has he succeeded at doing in his career – what is his “brand?” What do you think of his strategy for Prospect Hill? What do you think of the decisions he has made to date?
2. Should The Nelson companies go forward with the Hillside building, given the market conditions? What would your decisions be concerning the amenities, the parking alternatives and the interest rate hedge?
3. What are the differences between developing a quality office building in a suburban location in Waltham vs. a downtown site?
* NOTE: You do not have to do a multi-year income statement for this case, just the set-up through CFAF and ROA/ROE. You must also do some economic analysis to address each of the questions Hassett is confronting – parking, amenities, and interest rate hedge. You can assume a 9% cap rate for the purposes of determining total value and profit for different scenarios.

**Week 14 (4/25): Downtown East and Large Scale Urban Redevelopment**

*Reading:* Brown, “The Diversified Waterfront and the New Port Authority”

*Discussion:* Guest Panel Discussion

*Assignment:* Final Take-Home Exam. Instructions posted on the Moodle class website.

**Week 15 (5/2): Ethics, Career Management, and Summary**

*Assignment due:* Final Take-Home Case Study Exam due at beginning of class.

*Discussion:* Final Exam Case; Ethics and Career Management
Other Recommended Reading & Movies

Decision Making, How the Mind Works, Probability and Risk


How To: Books by developers about how to do development


Urban Redevelopment


Real Estate Economics, Finance, Bubbles, Crises


**Real Estate Development Stories – Journalistic/Non-fiction**


**Real Estate Development Stories - Fiction**


**Movies**


*The Truman Show*. 1998. Directed by Peter Weir, starring Jim Carrey, Ed Harris, Laura Linney. Seaside, Andrés Duany’s classic “New Town development on Florida’s gulf coast is the set for this movie – and it is so picture perfect that it really looks like a movie set.